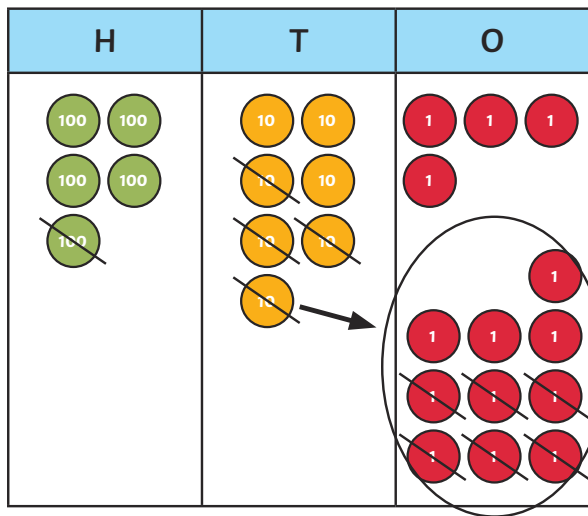


3-Digit Subtraction with 1 Exchange

1)



	5	7 6	¹ 4
-	1	3	6
	4	3	8

In the ones column, we have the calculation $4 - 6$. There are not enough ones, so we need to take 1 ten and exchange it for 10 ones. Therefore, 70 becomes 60 and 4 becomes 14.

Now we can calculate $14 - 6 = 8$.

There are 6 tens (60) remaining so we need to calculate $60 - 30 = 30$.

Finally, we can calculate $500 - 100 = 400$.

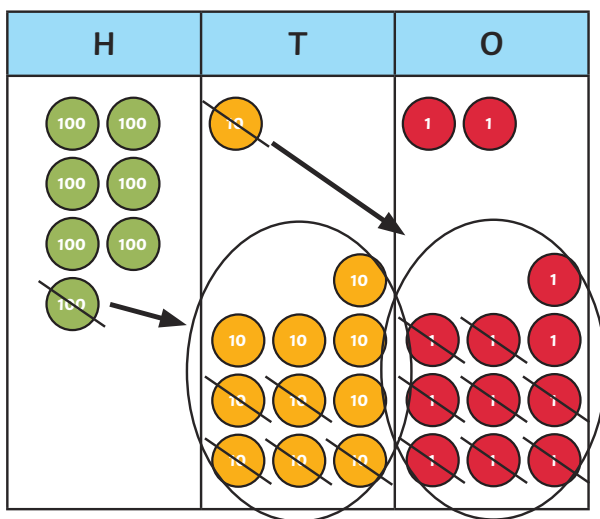
Therefore, $574 - 136 = 438$.

a)					b)					c)			
	6	5	1			7	2	5			9	4	8
-	4	2	8		-	1	0	9		-		7	5
d)					e)								
	8	3	2								6		3
-	5	7	2							-	4	2	
											2	5	7

Find the missing digits in this subtraction calculation.

3-Digit Subtraction with 2 Exchanges

2)



	7 6	1 0	¹ 2
-	4	5	8
	2	5	4

In the ones column, we have the calculation $2 - 8$. There are not enough ones, so we need to take 1 ten and exchange it for 10 ones. Therefore, 10 becomes 0 and 2 becomes 12.

Now we can calculate $12 - 8 = 4$.

Moving onto the tens column, we have the calculation $0 - 50$. There are not enough tens, so we need to take 1 hundred and exchange it for 10 tens. Therefore, 700 becomes 600 and 0 becomes 100.

Now we can calculate $100 - 50 = 50$.

Finally, we can calculate $600 - 400 = 200$.

Therefore, $712 - 458 = 254$.

a)				b)				c)			
	4	2	7		9	1	4		7	6	0
-	1	6	9	-	6	3	9	-		9	2
d)				e)							
	6	5	3						6	1	
-	1	9	4					-		7	6
									3	3	8

Find the missing digits in this subtraction calculation.